	Monitorin	g: Descriptor Term:	Descriptor Code:	Revised Date:	
	Review:	FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE	5.305	9-19-19	
	Annually, Novembe	in	Rescinds 5.305:	Issued: 10-24-13	
1 2	PURP	OSF			
3	IUNI				
4	To enti	tle employees to take reasonable leave for medical reasons	, for the birth or a	adoption of a	
5		and for the care of a child, spouse or parent who has a serio		1	
6					
7	ELIGI	BILITY			
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9	•	e who has been employed for at least twelve (12) months b		•	
10		ho has at least 1,250 hours of service (hours used for leave, even if FMLA leave, shall not be			
11		credited for service for the purposes of FMLA eligibility <sup>1</sup> ) during the previous twelve month			
12	period	shall be eligible to use FMLA Leave. $1^2$			
13					
14		RAL PRINCIPLES	(12)		
15		gible employee shall be granted, upon request, up to twelve	(12) weeks unpa	iid leave	
16 17	U	a fixed calendar year for the following reasons: The birth of a child;			
18		The placement of a child with the employee for adoption of	or foster care		
19		A serious health condition of the employee that makes the		e to perform	
20	5.	the essential functions of his or her job position;	employee under		
21	4.	The care of a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin of the en	nplovee who has	a serious	
22		health condition; or			
23	5.	Any qualifying circumstances arising out of the fact that a	spouse, child or	parent of the	
24		employee is on covered active duty or has been notified of	an impending ca	all or order to	
25		covered active duty in the Armed Forces.			
26					
27		ng of leave under this policy shall be subject to, and in acco		-	
28		applicable federal and state laws. An employee may substitute accrued paid leave for unpaid			
29		time. Use of accrued paid leave shall run concurrently with and be counted toward the			
30	employ	vee's total period of FMLA leave.			
31 32	лла те	CRNITY/PATERNITY LEAVE			
32 33		Relationship between FMLA leave and Tennessee Matern	ity Leave Act – F	FML A leave	
34	1.	shall run concurrently with leave provided under the Tenn	•		
35		affords eligible employees leave for a period not to exceed			
36		adoption, pregnancy, childbirth, and nursing of a newborn		101 the	
37	2.	Teachers Leave – In accordance with state law, any teacher		aternity or	
38		paternity leave shall be allowed to use all or a portion of th			
39		or annual leave for maternity or paternity leave purposes.			
40		sick leave, written request of the teacher accompanied by a	a statement from	the teacher's	
41		physician verifying pregnancy shall be submitted. Upon v	•		
42		statement from an adoption agency or other entity handlin	• •	•	
43		also be allowed to use accumulated leave for adoption of a	child. If both ac	doptive parents	

are teacher employed by the district, however, only one (1) parent is entitled to use such leave<sup>4</sup>
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Spouses who are both eligible employees of the school district are limited to a combined
total of twelve (12) workweeks of FMLA leave in a single twelve (12) month period if
the leave is taken for the birth and care of a newborn child. For the placement of a child
for adoption or foster care, or for the care for a parent who has a serious health condition.
Under certain circumstances, spouses who share leave for the birth or adoption of a child
may be eligible for a limited amounts of additional leave for other qualifying FMLA
reasons. <sup>5</sup>

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#### 12 LEAVE FOR A SERIOUS HEALTH CONDITION<sup>6</sup>

13 Eligible employees, upon request, shall be granted up to twelve (12) weeks of unpaid leave when

14 he/she is unable to work because of a serious health condition or to care for an immediate family

15 member with a serious health condition. Granting of such leave shall be subject to the provisions

- 16 of applicable federal and state laws. Employees shall contact Human Resources to determine if
- 17 the reason for leave qualifies as FMLA leave. If the leave is foreseeable, the employee shall give
- thirty (30) days' notice. If the leave is not foreseeable, the employee shall notify Human
- 19 Resources as soon as practicable generally, either the same or next business day.
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#### 21 LEAVE FOR MILITARY FAMILY MEMBERS

22 Qualifying Exigency Leave<sup>7</sup> - Eligible employees are entitled to up to twelve (12) work weeks of

23 leave because of any "qualifying exigency" arising out of the fact that the spouse, son, daughter,

or parent of he employee, as defined under the FMLA, is on active duty, or has been notified of

- an impending call to active duty, or has been notified of an impended call to active duty status in
   the Armed Forces, Qualifying exigencies may include:
- a) Issues arising from the service member's short notice deployment;
- b) Military events and related activities (e.g. official ceremonies, support programs);
- 29 c) Making or updating financial and legal arrangements;
- 30 d) Attending counseling;
- e) Taking up to fifteen (15) days leave to spend time with a covered service member who is
   on short-term rest and recuperation leave during deployment; or
- 33 f) Attending post-deployment activities
- 34

1) Attending post-deployment activities

Military Caregiver Leave<sup>8</sup> - An eligible employee who is the spouse, son, daughter, parent, or
next of kin of a covered service member of covered veteran with a serious injury or illness is
entitled to up to twenty-six (26) work weeks of leave in a "single twelve (12) month period. "A
covered service member is a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the
National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is

otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list for a seriousinjury or illness.

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43 A covered veteran is an individual who was a member of the Armed Forces at any time during

the period for five (5) years preceding the date of the medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy

that has a serious injury or illness who is currently receiving medical treatment, recuperation or

therapy.

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2 The "single twelve (12) month period" for military caregiver leave begins on the first day the

- 3 employee takes leave for this reason and ends twelve (12) months later. An eligible employee is
- 4 limited to a combined total of twenty-six (26) work weeks of leave to provide care for a covered
- 5 service member. The maximum of twenty-six (26) work weeks may include no more than
- 6 twelve (12) work weeks of leave that is taken for the birth and care of a newborn child, for the
- 7 placement of a child for adoption or foster care, for care of a parent who has a serious health
- 8 condition or for the employee's own serious health condition.
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#### 10 **INTERMITTENT LEAVE**<sup>9</sup>

11 Eligible employees may take FMLA leave intermittently when medically necessary to care for a

- seriously ill family member, because of the employee's own serious health condition, or for the
- 13 care for a newborn, a newly adopted child or a newly placed foster care child. When a licensed
- 14 employee request foreseeable leave for planned medical treatment and the employee would be on
- 15 leave for greater than 20% of the total number of working days in the period during which the
- 16 leave would extend, the school district may require that such employee elect either to take the
- leave for periods of a particular duration, not to exceed the duration of the planned medicaltreatment, or to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position offed by the school
- 18 treatment, of to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position offed by the school 10 district for which the ampleves is gualified and that has aquivalent new and herefits and herefits
- district for which the employee is qualified and that has equivalent pay and benefits and better
- 20 accommodates recurring periods of leave.
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#### 22 **RESTRICTIONS**

- 1. Notice Requirements
- a. Employee Notice<sup>10</sup> For foreseeable leave, the employee shall provide the Director of
   Schools with at least thirty (30) days written notice before the beginning of the
   anticipated leave.
- b. District Notice Once it has been established that the leave requested qualifies for
  FMLA, the Director of Schools/designee shall notify the employee within three (3)
  business days (absent extenuating circumstances) that any leave taken pursuant to state
  leave statutes (paid vacation leave, personal leave, sick leave or workers' compensation)
  shall run concurrently with FMLA leave.<sup>11</sup> The notice may be given orally or in writing.
  If the notice is oral, it shall be confirmed in writing, no later than the following pay day.<sup>12</sup>
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2. Certification Requirement<sup>13</sup>

# a. The Director of Schools may require that a request for leave be supported by certification issued by a health care provider with the following information

- i. The date on which the serious health condition commenced;
- ii. The probable duration of the condition;
- iii. The appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the health care provider regarding the condition; and
- iv. A statement that the eligible employee is needed to care for the son, daughter, spouse or parent and an estimate of the amount of time that such employee is needed.
- b. If there is any reason to doubt the validity of the certification provided, the
  Director of Schools may require, at the expense of the school district an opinion of a second health care provider.

1	3.	Period Near the End of an Academic Term (Professional Employees) <sup>14</sup>
2		a. If leave is taken more than five (5) weeks prior to the end of the term, the Director
3		of Schools may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of the
4		term if the leave is at least three (3) weeks of duration and the return of
5		employment would occur during the three (3) weeks period before the end of the
6		term.
7		b. If the leave is taken five (5) weeks prior to the end of the term. The Director of
8		Schools may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of the
9		term if the leave is greater than two (2) weeks duration and the return to
10		employment would occur during the two (2) week period before eth end of the
11		term.
12		
13	REQU	JIREMENTS OF THE BOARD <sup>15</sup>
14	1.	The employee shall be restored to the same position of employment or an equivalent
15		position with no loss of benefits, pay or other terms of employment.
16	2.	The employee shall be kept under any group health plan for the duration of the leave.
17	3.	The Board may recover the premium paid under the following conditions:
18		a) the employee fails to return from leave after the period of leave has expired.
19		b) the employee fails to return to work for a reason other than the continuation,
20		recurrence, or onset of a serious health condition or other circumstances beyond the
21		control of the employee.
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<sup>1</sup> Hinson v. Tecumseh Products Co. 2000 U.S. App. LEXIS 26778, at \*1–10(6<sup>th</sup> Cir. Oct 17, 2000)

<sup>2</sup>Federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 USCA § 2601, 2611-2619

<sup>3</sup> TCA 49-5-702; TCA 4-21-408

<sup>4</sup> TCA 49-5-710(a)(2), Public Acts of 2018, Chapter No. 907

<sup>5</sup> 29 CFR § 825.120(a)(3)

<sup>6</sup> 29 CFR § 825.113

<sup>7</sup>29 CFR § 825.126

<sup>8</sup> 29 CFR § 825.124; 29 CFR § 825.127

<sup>9</sup> 29 CFR §825.202

<sup>10</sup> 29 CFR §825.302-825.304

<sup>11</sup> 29 CFR §825.207

<sup>12</sup> OP Tenn. Atty Gen 94-006 (Jan 13, 1994); Plant v. Morton International, Inc. , 212 F. 3d929, 932 (6<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2000)

13 29 CFR §825.305-825.313

14 29 CFR §825.602

<sup>15</sup> 29 USCA § 2614